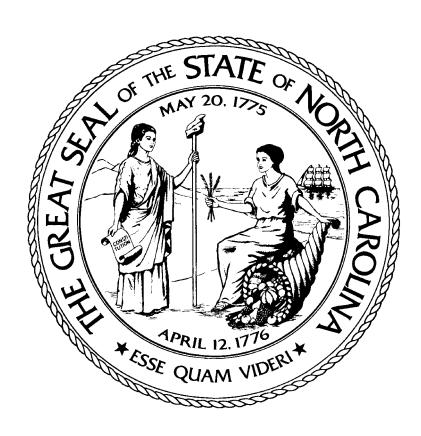
STATE OF

NORTH CAROLINA

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
JUNE 30, 1999



OFFICE OF THE STATE CONTROLLER
OFFICE OF STATE BUDGET AND MANAGEMENT
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA



The Honorable James B. Hunt, Jr. Governor of the State of North Carolina

August 24, 1999

We herewith submit the <u>Summary of Financial Condition</u> for the State of North Carolina for the twelve months ended June 30, 1999. The financial information within this report is designed to present the results of financial operations under the budgetary basis of accounting at a summary level.

The <u>Summary of Financial Condition</u> is intended to provide specific analysis of revenues and expenditures, and serve to point out particular areas of strength, as well as areas where unusual one-time transactions, changes in accounting, or changes in procedure may result in misleading interpretations by a casual reader.

Please contact us if you have questions or if you would like more detailed information. In this joint effort between the Office of the State Controller, the Office of State Budget and Management, and the Department of Revenue, we are committed to providing you and the State with the most reliable and timely financial and economic information possible.

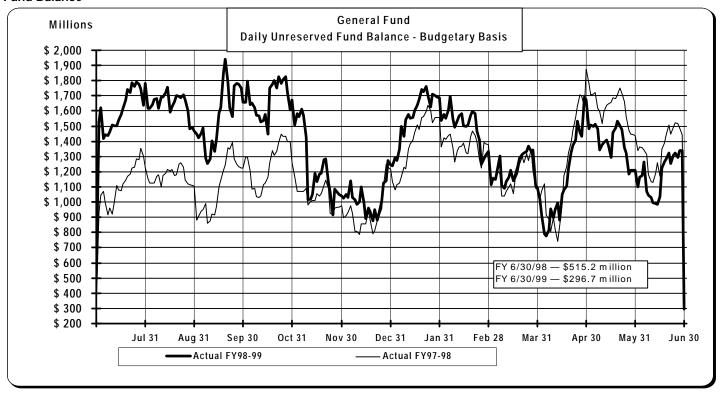
Sincerely, Edward Renfrow State Controller (919) 981-5454

Marvin K. Dorman, Jr. State Budget Officer (919) 733-7061

Muriel K. Offerman Secretary of Revenue (919) 733-7211

June 30, 1999

Fund Balance



At June 30, 1999 and 1998, the reserved and unreserved fund balance was composed of the following (in millions):

und Balance:	1	998-99	1	997-98	
Reserved:					
Savings account	\$	522.5	\$	522.5	
Retirees health premiums		288.0		231.7	
Repairs and renovations		164.7		174.2	
Clean w ater management		31.1		47.4	
North Carolina Railroad acquisition		61.0		61.0	
DPI A llocation		_		55.0	
Work First		17.4		19.5	
Aquariums		30.0		_	
Disproportionate share		19.6		35.4	
Capital Improvements		7.0		_	
Total Reserved		1,141.3		1,146.7	
Unreserved:		,			
Fund Balance - July 1		515.2		318.7	
Transfer from reserves		227.8		174.5	
Transfer to reserves		(218.1)		(269.0	
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures		(228.2)		291.0	
Total Unreserved		296.7		515.2	
Total Fund Balance	\$	1,438.0	\$	1,661.9	

Bailey Case — State Tax Refunds - State Retirees. State and local government retirees filed a class action suit in 1990 as a result of the repeal of the income tax exemption for state and local government retirement benefits. The original suit was dismissed after the North Carolina Supreme Court ruled in 1991 that the plaintiffs had failed to comply with state law requirements for challenging unconstitutional

taxes and the United States Supreme Court denied review. In 1992, many of the same plaintiffs filed a new lawsuit alleging essentially the same claims, including breach of contract, unconstitutional impairment of contract rights by the State in taxing benefits that were allegedly promised to be tax exempt and violation of several state constitutional provisions. Patton Case — State Tax Refunds - Federal Retirees. On June 23, 1995, retired federal employees sued for refund of income taxes paid upon pension income for tax years 1989 through 1993. They alleged that the incremental pension increases granted state retirees since 1989 unconstitutionally discriminate against them. The North Carolina Supreme Court ruled in the Bailey case on Friday, May 8, 1998. On June 9, 1998 representatives of the State and the various retirees involved in the Bailey and Patton cases announced a settlement in the amount of \$799 million. Of this amount, \$400 million is being paid in refunds in fiscal year 1998-99, and \$399 million will be paid in refunds during fiscal year 1999-2000.

Smith v. State – Intangibles tax refunds to non-protesting taxpayers. On March 21, 1996, the U.S. Supreme Court declared North Carolina's intangibles tax unconstitutional. Subsequently, the State made refunds of intangible taxes paid by all persons who had complied with the provisions of G.S. 105-267, Taxes to be paid; suits for recovery of taxes, for obtaining refunds of unconstitutional taxes. The Smith case is an action aimed principally at recovering intangibles tax refunds for taxpayers who failed to comply with the provisions of G.S. 105-267. On December 4, 1998, the Supreme Court ruled that North Carolina will have to pay refunds to non-protesters who paid intangibles taxes. Refunds to non-protesters will total approximately \$239.3 million plus interest of approximately \$120.8 million through June 30, 1999.

June 30, 1999

Revenues - Tax and Non-Tax

General Fund Actual Net Revenues

Expressed In Millions			J	une			Year-To-Date Through June					
	1998-9	9	1997-98		Change	% Change		1998-99	1997-98		% Change	
Tax Revenues:												
Individual Income	\$ 513	.8	\$ 458.0	\$	55.8	12.2%	\$	6,606.5	\$ 6,028.9	\$ 577.6	9.6%	
Corporate Income	212	.8	151.5		61.3	40.5%		848.5	696.3	152.2	21.9%	
Sales and Use	295	.0	295.0		_			3,376.2	3,255.4	120.8	3.7%	
Franchise	1	.9	5.4		(3.5)	(64.8)%		409.6	407.3	2.3	0.6%	
Insurance	80	.6	72.4		8.2	11.3%		291.2	283.8	7.4	2.6%	
Beverage	15	.9	15.4		0.5	3.2%		158.0	153.7	4.3	2.8%	
Inheritance	14	.6	11.3		3.3	29.2%		169.9	138.1	31.8	23.0%	
Soft Drink	1	.0	2.1		(1.1)	(52.4)%		12.3	23.1	(10.8)	(46.8)%	
Privilege License	3	.4	5.8		(2.4)	(41.4)%		27.6	36.6	(9.0)	(24.6)%	
Tobacco Products	3	.6	3.7		(0.1)	(2.7)%		44.9	47.2	(2.3)	(4.9)%	
Real Estate Conveyance Excise	(7	.3)	(6.6)	(0.7)	10.6%		_	_	_	_	
Intangibles	_		_		_	_		_	0.3	(0.3)	(100.0)%	
Gift	0	.4	0.2		0.2	100.0%		19.3	20.6	(1.3)	(6.3)%	
White Goods Disposal	(0	.7)	(1.2)	0.5	41.7%		_	_	_	_	
Scrap Tire Disposal	(1	.7)	(1.6)	(0.1)	6.3%		_	_	_	_	
Freight Car Lines	_		_		_	_		0.5	0.5	_	_	
Other	0	.7	0.7		_			0.8	0.6	0.2	33.3%	
Total Tax Revenue	1,134	.0	1,012.1		121.9	12.0%	_	11,965.3	11,092.4	872.9	7.9%	
Non-Tax Revenue:												
Treasurer's Investments	22	.5	23.1		(0.6)	(2.6)%		249.3	248.1	1.2	0.5%	
Judicial Fees	11	.5	9.6		1.9	19.8%		121.0	112.8	8.2	7.3%	
Insurance	4	.6	4.9		(0.3)	(6.1)%		22.0	20.3	1.7	8.4%	
Disproportionate Share	_				_	_		85.0	_	85.0	_	
Highway Fund Transfer In	3	.5	3.3		0.2	6.1%		13.4	12.6	0.8	6.3%	
Highway Trust Fund Transfer In	_		_		_			170.0	170.0	_	_	
Other	8	.9	7.4	_	1.5	20.3%		107.8	70.9	36.9	52.0%	
Total Non-Tax Revenue	51	0	48.3		2.7	5.6%	_	768.5	634.7	133.8	21.1%	
Total Tax and Non-Tax Revenue	\$ 1,185	.0	\$ 1,060.4	\$	124.6	11.8%	\$	12,733.8	\$11,727.1	\$1,006.7	8.6%	

Note that the table represents net tax and non-tax collections and not gross collections. When compared to the prior year through June 30, actual tax and non-tax revenues increased by \$1,006.7 million, or 8.6%. The net, or actual, tax and non-tax revenues through June 1999 of \$12,733.8 million were greater than the projected revenues by \$365.0 million, or 3.0%. Through June 1999, \$85.0 million of disproportionate share receipts were collected as non-tax revenue. In addition, an excess of \$19.6 million was collected for disproportionate share receipts for fiscal year 1998-99 and placed in a reserve account. Disproportionate share receipts were reflected as Department of Health and Human Service departmental receipts for fiscal year 1997-98. Disproportionate share receipts are Medicaid payments received by hospitals which serve a disproportionate share of indigent patients. Major components of tax and non-tax revenues that increased from the prior year through the end of June 1999 included:

- \$577.6 million for Individual Income Tax;
- \$152.2 million for Corporate Income Tax; and
- \$120.8 million for Sales and Use Tax.

Corporate Income Tax, Adjusted for Transfers

June 30, 1999

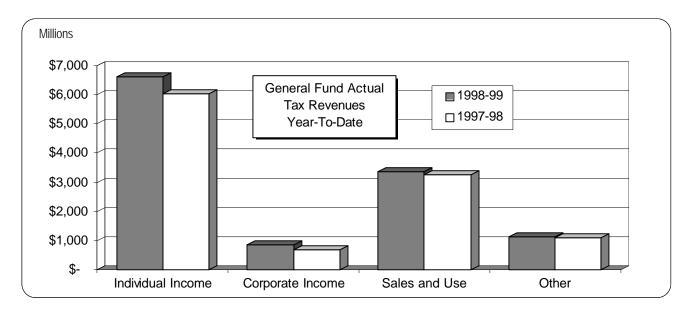
(Expressed In Millions)		Curren	t Month		Year-To-Date					
(Expressed in minione)	Projected Monthly			Percent	Projected Monthly			Percent		
Tay Bayanya	Budget	Actual	Variance	Realized	Budget	Actual	Variance	Realized		
Tax Revenue	\$ 507.9	\$ 513.8	\$ 5.9	101 20/	\$ 6.358.4	\$ 6.606.5	¢ 040 4	103.9%		
Individual Income [1] Corporate Income [2]	\$ 507.9 166.2	\$ 513.8 212.8	\$ 5.9 46.6	101.2% 128.0%	\$ 6,358.4 743.1	\$ 6,606.5 848.5	\$ 248.1 105.4	114.2%		
Sales and Use	284.0	295.0	11.0	103.9%	3,350.0	3,376.2	26.2	100.8%		
Franchise	(8.0)	1.9	9.9	(23.8%)	434.8	409.6	(25.2)	94.2%		
Insurance	70.6	80.6	10.0	114.2%	273.6	291.2	17.6	106.4%		
Beverage	16.7	15.9	(0.8)	95.2%	158.0	158.0	—	100.4%		
Inheritance	13.0	14.6	1.6	112.3%	155.4	169.9	14.5	109.3%		
Soft Drink	0.9	1.0	0.1	111.1%	13.4	12.3	(1.1)	91.8%		
Privilege License	13.9	3.4	(10.5)	24.5%	38.9	27.6	(11.3)	71.0%		
Tobacco Products	3.8	3.6	(0.2)	94.7%	46.3	44.9	(1.4)	97.0%		
Real Estate Conveyance Excise	(7.3)	(7.3)	(0.2) —	100.0%		—	— (1.4)	- J7.070		
Gift	0.2	0.4	0.2	200.0%	16.4	19.3	2.9	117.7%		
White Goods Disposal	(0.7)	(0.7)	_	100.0%	_	_	_	_		
Scrap Tire Disposal	(1.7)	(1.7)	_	100.0%	_	_	_	_		
Freight Car Lines	_	_	_	_	_	0.5	0.5	_		
Other	0.7	0.7	_	100.0%	1.2	0.8	(0.4)	66.7%		
Total Tax Revenue	1,060.2	1,134.0	73.8	107.0%	11,589.5	11,965.3	375.8	103.2%		
Non-Tax Revenue										
Treasurer's Investments	21.8	22.5	0.7	103.2%	261.5	249.3	(12.2)	95.3%		
Judicial Fees	10.0	11.5	1.5	115.0%	116.3	121.0	4.7	104.0%		
Insurance	8.2	4.6	(3.6)	56.1%	38.0	22.0	(16.0)	57.9%		
Disproportionate share	_	— —	(0.0)	-	85.0	85.0	— (10.0)	100.0%		
Highway Fund Transfer In	3.5	3.5	_	100.0%	13.4	13.4	_	100.0%		
Highway Trust Fund Transfer In	_	_	_	_	170.0	170.0	_	100.0%		
Other	6.7	9.0	2.3	134.3%	95.1	107.8	12.7	113.4%		
Total Non-Tax Revenue	50.2	51.1	0.9	101.8%	779.3	768.5	(10.8)	98.6%		
Total Tax and Non-Tax Revenue	\$ 1,110.4	\$ 1,185.1	\$ 74.7	106.7%	\$ 12,368.8	\$12,733.8	\$ 365.0	103.0%		
[1] Individual Income Tax collecti	ons are repor	ted net of th	e following t	ransfer(s):						
			98-99		7-98					
		Current	Year-To-	Current	Year-To-					
		Month	Date	Month	Date					
la dividual la como Torr Domonto d Not										
Individual Income Tax, Reported Net Local Government Tax Reimburs	ement	\$ 513.8 —	\$ 6,606.5 129.0	\$ 458.0 —	\$ 6,028.9 129.0					
Individual Income Tax, Adjusted for Tra	ansfers	\$ 513.8	\$ 6,735.5	\$ 458.0	\$ 6,157.9					
[2] Corporate Income Tax collecti	ons are repor	ted net of th	e following t	ransfer(s):						
		199	8-99	199	7-98					
		Current	Year-To-	Current	Year-To-					
		Month	Date	Month	Date					
Corporate Income Tay Benefied Not										
Corporate Income Tax, Reported Net Public School Building Capital Fo	und	\$ 212.8 —	\$ 848.5 62.9	\$ 151.5 —	\$ 696.3 56.6					
Critical School Facility Needs Fu		_	10.0	_	10.0					
Local Government Tax Reimburs		_	207.2	_	207.2					
			280.1		273.8					

 \$ 212.8
 \$ 1,128.6
 \$ 151.5
 \$ 970.1

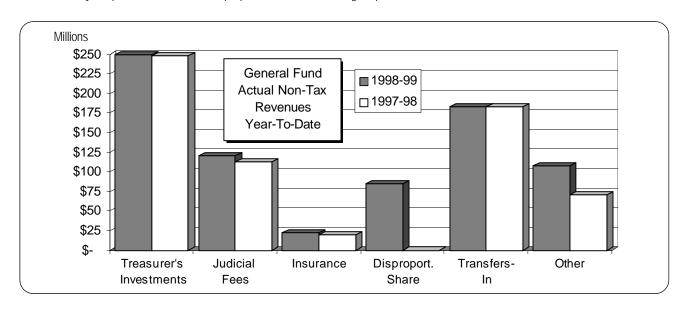
June 30, 1999

Tax revenues through June 1999 were greater than the period through June 1998 tax revenues by \$872.9 million, or 7.9%. Tax revenues are presented net of refunds to taxpayers and various transfers. Comparisons of current and prior year tax revenues are difficult due to legislative changes and netting of various transfer expenditures against the tax revenue sources. Examples of such transfers include:

- reimbursements to local governments;
- reimbursements for costs of administration of sales and use tax for local governments; and
- transfers to the Public School Building Capital Fund and Critical School Facility Needs Fund.



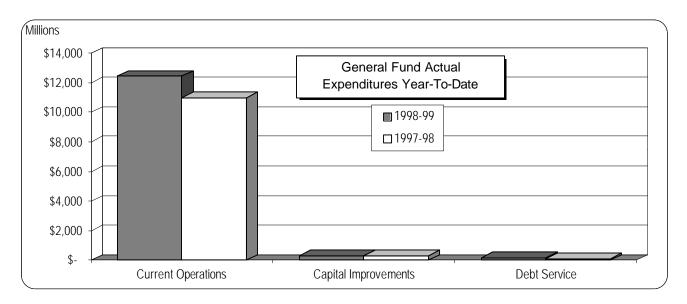
Non-tax revenue through the end of June 1999 was \$133.8 million or 21.1% greater than through the end of June 1998. As mentioned previously, through June 1999, \$85.0 million of disproportionate share receipts were collected as non-tax revenue. Disproportionate share receipts were reflected as Department of Health and Human Service departmental receipts for fiscal year 1997-98. Disproportionate share receipts are Medicaid payments received by hospitals which serve a disproportionate share of indigent patients.



June 30, 1999

Expenditures

Actual appropriation expenditures through June 30, 1999, exclusive of appropriation expenditures for capital improvements funded by bond proceeds, were greater than actual appropriation expenditures through June 1998 by \$1,525.9 million, or 13.3%. Of this increase, \$400 million, or 3.5%, represents fiscal year 1998-99 general government expenditures for payments to State and federal retirees (see page 1).



Expenditures for current operations (exclusive of expenditures for capital improvements and debt service) through June 1999 were greater than such expenditures through June 1998 by \$1,435.4 million, or 13.1%. As mentioned above, of this increase, \$400 million, or 3.6% represents fiscal year 1998-99 general government expenditures for payments to State and federal retirees (see page 1). Appropriation expenditures for Environment and Natural Resources increased by \$47.5 million, or 29.9%, primarily because the \$47.4 million of Clean Water funding was appropriated in fiscal year 1998-99. This transaction was handled as a transfer from the General Fund Clean Water reserve in fiscal year 1997-98.

General Fund Actual Appropriation Expenditures — Year-To-Date Through June

Expressed in Millions					Percent	of Total
				Percent	Expend	ditures
Current Operations:	1998-99	1997-98	Change	Change	1998-99	1997-98
General Government	\$ 726.6	\$ 335.0	\$ 391.6	116.9%	5.4%	2.8%
Education	7,247.1	6,696.5	550.6	8.2%	54.0%	56.3%
Health and Human Services	2,722.0	2,359.2	362.8	15.4%	20.3%	19.8%
Economic Development	107.2	97.3	9.9	10.2%	0.8%	0.8%
Environment and Natural Resources	206.2	158.7	47.5	29.9%	1.5%	1.3%
Public Safety, Correction, and Regulation	1,360.8	1,296.3	64.5	5.0%	10.1%	10.9%
Agriculture	54.4	49.2	5.2	10.6%	0.4%	0.4%
Operating Reserves/Rounding	8.1	4.8	3.3	68.8%	0.1%	_
Total Current Operations	12,432.4	10,997.0	1,435.4	13.1%	92.7%	92.5%
Capital Improvements:						
Funded by General Fund	337.2	327.3	9.9	3.0%	2.5%	2.8%
Debt Service	192.4	111.8	80.6	72.1%	1.4%	0.9%
	12,962.0	11,436.1	1,525.9	13.3%	96.6%	96.2%
Capital Improvements:						
Funded by Bond Proceeds	450.0	450.0		_	3.4%	3.8%
Total Expenditures	\$13,412.0	\$ 11,886.1	\$ 1,525.9	12.8%	100.0%	100.0%

June 30, 1999

General Obligation Debt - General Fund and Highway Fund

The following schedule presents principal payment requirements for the General Fund and the Highway Fund. This schedule is exclusive of defeased debt involving advance refundings where the proceeds were placed in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent in an amount sufficient to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds.

In November 1996, the voters of North Carolina approved bonds in the amount of \$1.8 billion for school construction and \$950 million for highway construction. In November 1998, North Carolina voters approved \$800 million of new debt to finance grants and loans to local government units for water supply systems, wastewater collection systems, wastewater treatment works, and water conservation and water reuse projects; and an additional \$200 million of new debt to finance grants, loans, or other financing to public or private entities for construction of natural gas facilities. The amount of authorized, but unissued bonds was \$2.15 billion as of June 30, 1999.

The first bond issue related to the \$1.8 billion of school construction bonds which were approved in November 1996 was issued on March 1, 1997 in the amount of \$450 million. These bonds were issued at rates ranging from 5.1% to 5.2% with a final maturity of March 1, 2016.

The second bond issue related to the \$1.8 billion of school construction bonds which were approved in November 1996 was issued April 1, 1998 in the amount of \$450 million. These bonds were issued at rates ranging from 4.75% to 5.0% with a final maturity of April 1, 2016.

The third bond issue related to the \$1.8 billion of school construction bonds which were approved in November 1996 was issued April 1, 1999 in the amount of \$450 million. These bonds were issued at rates ranging from 4.5% to 5.0% with a final maturity of April 1, 2018.

The first bond issue related to highway construction was issued on November 1, 1997 in the amount of \$250 million, with rates ranging from 4.5% to 5.00%. The proceeds of this bond issue will be used to pay the capital costs of urban loops, intrastate system projects, and State secondary road projects.

The schedule below includes only bonds issued through June 30, 1999.

Expressed in Thousand	*	f.,	
	Payable General	Highway	Total
	Fund	Fund	Principal
	Revenues	Revenues	Requirements
1998-99 Requirements:			
August 1998	\$ 17,665	s –	\$ 17,665
December 1998	3,000	_	3,000
February 1999	7,500	_	7,500
March 1999	25,690	_	25,690
April 1999	22,200	_	22,200
May 1999	6,910	16,675	23,585
June 1999	25,230	_	25,230
Totals — 1998-99	108,195	16,675	1 2 4 ,8 7 0
Future Years' Requiren	ments:		
2000	126,245	16,675	1 4 2 ,9 2 0
2 0 0 1	126,260	16,675	142,935
2 0 0 2	126,345	16,675	143,020
2003	126,380	16,675	143,055
2 0 0 4	126,280	16,675	142,955
2 0 0 5	126,685	16,675	143,360
2006	126,545	16,675	143,220
2 0 0 7	126,405	16,675	143,080
2008	126,465	16,675	143,140
2009	126,315	16,675	142,990
2 0 1 0	125,050	16,675	141,725
2 0 1 1	125,025	16,675	141,723
2012	125,025	16,675	141,700
2013			
2014	124,980	16,550	141,530
	124,965	_	124,965
2 0 1 5	124,950	_	124,950
2 0 1 6	124,930	_	124,930
2 0 1 7	77,000	_	77,000
2 0 1 8	8 ,5 0 0		8 ,5 0 0
Totals — All Years	\$ 2,332,520	\$ 250,000	\$ 2,582,520
ess	(5.0==)		(5.0==
Unam ortized Discount	(5,677)		(5,677
Total Principal, Net	\$ 2,326,843	\$ 250,000	\$ 2,576,843

Bonds Authorized But Unissued

(Expressed in Thousands)						
		School	Highway			
Authorized:	Date	Construction	Construction	Clean Water	Natural Gas	Total
School Construction	11/5/96	\$ 1,800,000	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$1,800,000
Highway Construction	11/5/96	_	950,000	_	_	950,000
Clean Water	11/3/98	_	_	800,000	_	800,000
Natural Gas	11/3/98				200,000	200,000
Total Authorized		1,800,000	950,000	800,000	200,000	3,750,000
Issued:						
Public School Building Series 1997A	3/1/97	450,000	_	_	_	450,000
Highway Bonds, Series 1997A	11/1/97	_	250,000	_	_	250,000
Public School Building Series 1998A	4/1/98	450,000	_	_	_	450,000
Public School Building Series 1999	4/1/99	450,000				450,000
Total Issued		1,350,000	250.000			1.600.000
Unissued — June 30. 1999		\$ 450.000	\$ 700.000	\$ 800.000	\$ 200,000	\$ 2,150,000

June 30, 1999

Summary Information - Highway Fund and Highway Trust Fund

HIGHWAY FUND AND HIGHWAY TRUST FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET COLLECTIONS

For the Months of June 1999 and 1998, and the Twelve Months Ended June 30, 1999 and 1998

(Expressed in Millions)													
				Мс	nth		Year-To-Date						
							Percent						Percent
Highway Fund	19	98-99	19	97-98	Char	nge	Change	1998-99	_ 1	1997-98	Cha	ange	Change
Motor Fuels Tax	\$	64.5	\$	64.6	\$ (0).1)	(0.2%)	\$ 763.1	\$	762.7	\$	0.4	0.1%
Motor Vehicle License Fees		18.9		18.1	0	8.0	4.4%	245.5		228.6	1	6.9	7.4%
Driver License Fees		4.9		6.2	(1	.3)	(21.0%)	62.3		70.1	((7.8)	(11.1%)
Motor Fuels and Oil Inspection Fees		1.1		1.0	0	1.1	10.0%	12.5		11.8		0.7	5.9%
Title Fee		-		-		-	-	-		-		-	-
Other		3.0		2.7	O	.3	11.1%	28.7		26.4		2.3	8.7%
Subtotal - Highway Fund		92.4		92.6	(0).2)	(0.2%)	1,112.1		1,099.6	1	2.5	1.1%
Highway Trust Fund													
Highway Use Tax		46.8		68.0	(21	.2)	(31.2%)	448.1		411.0	3	37.1	9.0%
Motor Fuels Tax		21.4		21.5	(0).1)	(0.5%)	254.7		254.6		0.1	-
Title Fee		7.8		8.8	(1	.0)	(11.4%)	78.2		75.1		3.1	4.1%
Motor Vehicle Lease		3.9		5.8	(1	.9)	(32.8%)	41.5		42.2	((0.7)	(1.7%)
Registration		1.0		0.2	0	8.0	400.0%	9.8		9.6		0.2	2.1%
Lien Recording		0.2		0.1	0	1.1	100.0%	2.3		2.3		-	-
Subtotal - Highway Trust Fund		81.1		104.4	(23	3.3)	(22.3%)	834.6		794.8	3	39.8	5.0%
Payables and Receipts													
Special Registration Plate Fund		0.2		0.3	(0).1)	(33.3%)	2.4		2.3		0.1	4.3%
Safety Inspection and Exhaust Emission		0.2		0.3	(0).1)	(33.3%)	2.4		2.3		0.1	4.3%
Transportation Authority/TransPark		0.8		(0.7)	1	.5	(214.3%)	7.7		5.9		1.8	30.5%
Recreation and Natural Heritage Trust Fund		0.2		0.2		-	-	2.0		1.9		0.1	5.3%
Other Receipts		0.4		1.4	(1	.0)	(71.4%)	5.8		6.6	((8.0)	(12.1%)
Subtotal - Payables and Receipts		1.8		1.5	О	.3	20.0%	20.3		19.0		1.3	6.8%
	\$	175.3	\$	198.5	\$(23	3.2)	(11.7%)	\$1,967.0	\$	1,913.4	\$ 5	3.6	2.8%