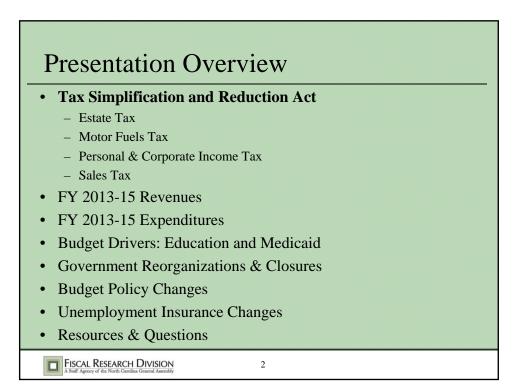
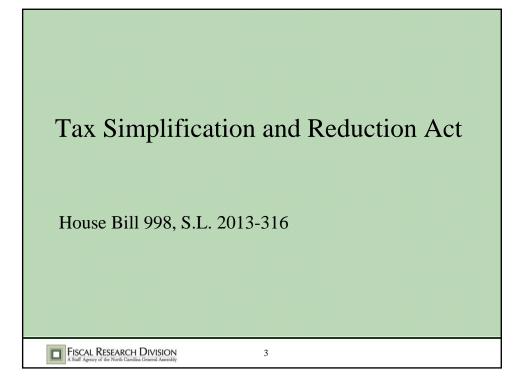
2013 Legislative Session Fiscal Summary

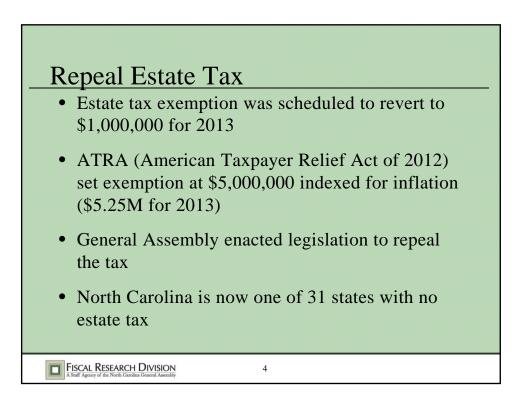
OSC Fiscal Officers Conference December 12, 2013

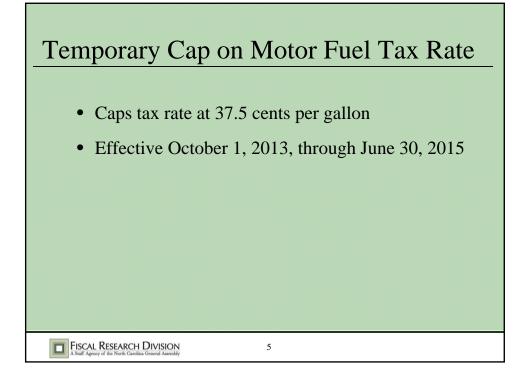
Rodney Bizzell & Kristin Walker

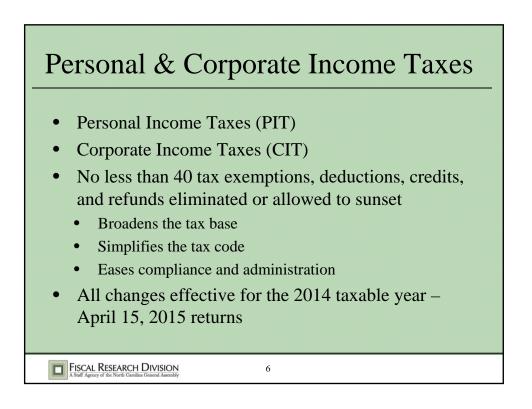
FISCAL RESEARCH DIVISION A Staff Agency of the North Carolina General Assembly

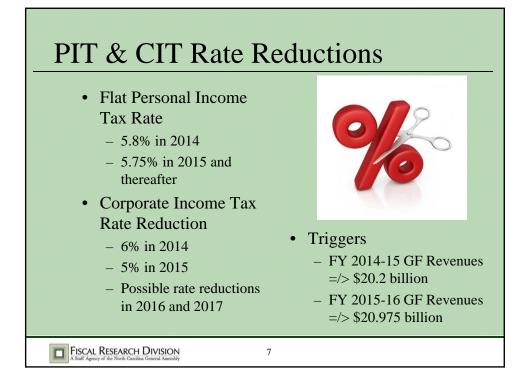


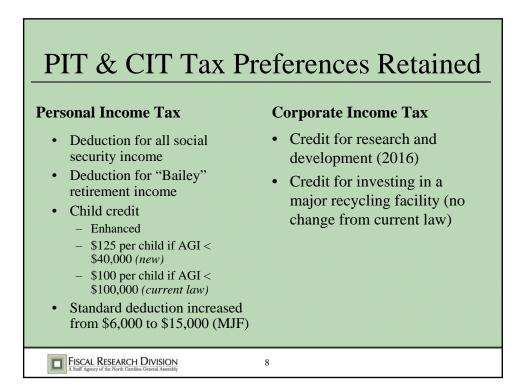


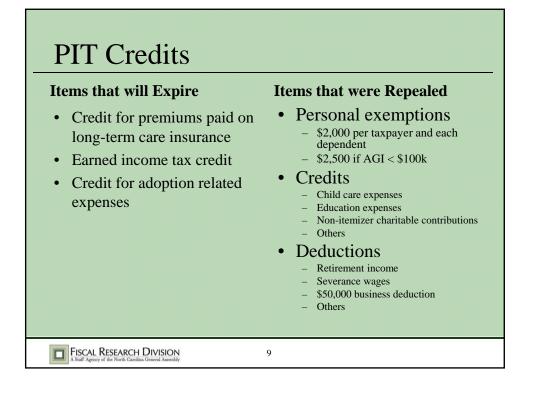


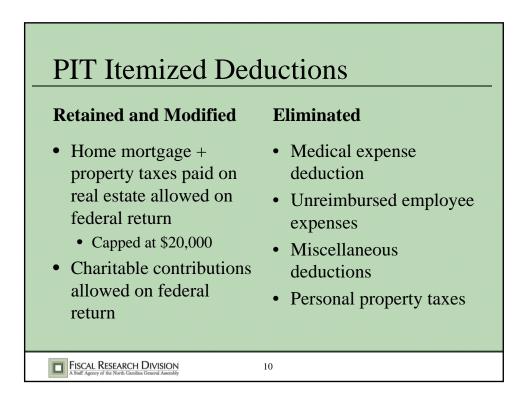




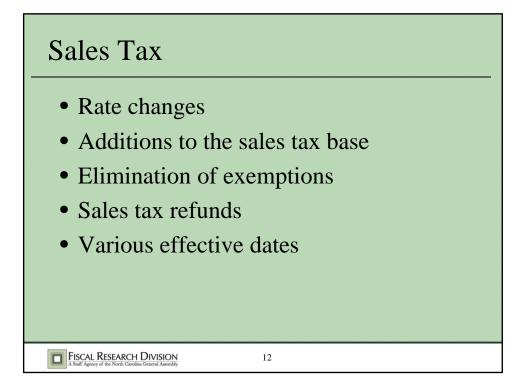


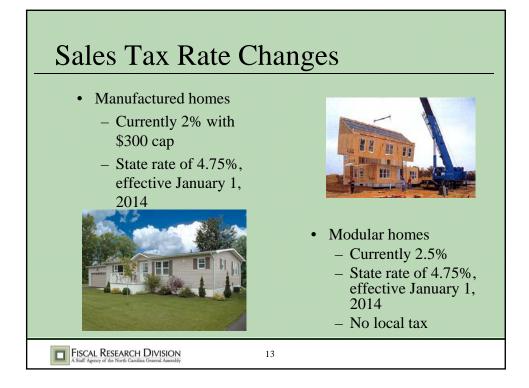


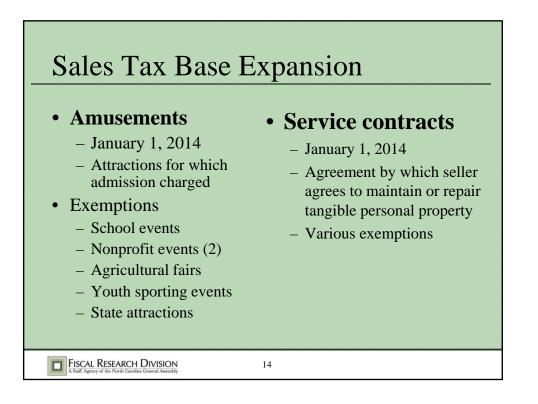


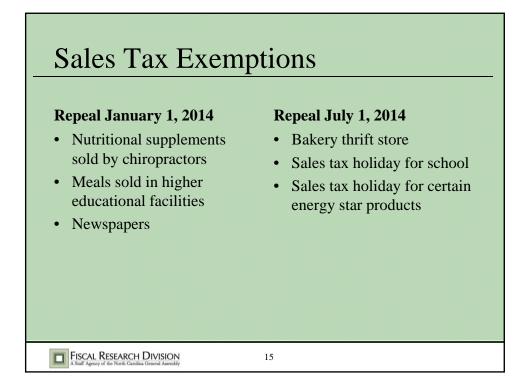


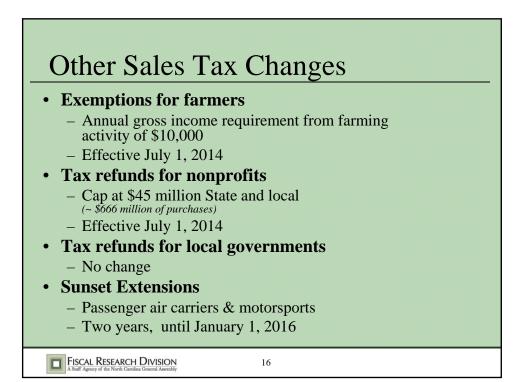
CIT Credits Tax Credits that will Expire **Tax Credits Repealed** Ports charges • Construction of dwelling • • Recycling oyster shells units for handicapped • Renewable fuels • Real property donations • Work opportunity • Interactive digital media • Conservation tillage Article 3J equipment • Qualified business venture • Gleaned crops • Film (2015) • Renewable energy (2016) • Construction of poultry • Historic & mill rehab (2015) composting facility • Low income housing (2015) • Railroad intermodal (2038) FISCAL RESEARCH DIVISION 11





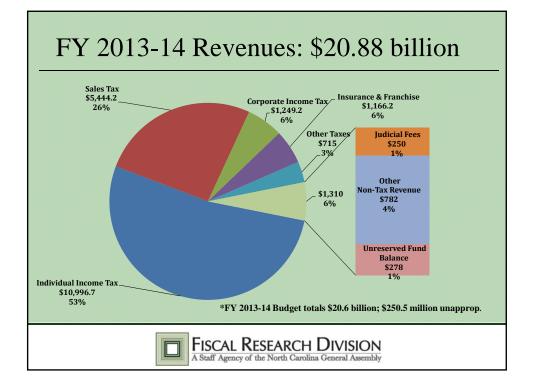


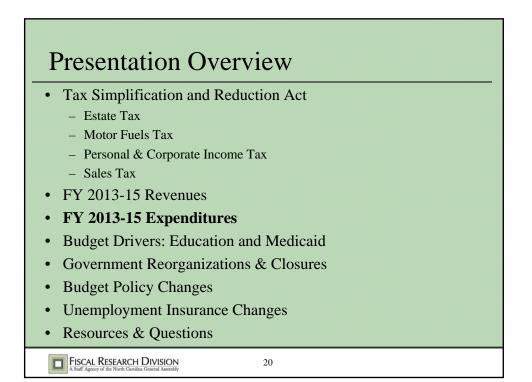




	<u>FY 2013-14</u>	<u>FY 2014-15</u>	<u>FY 2015-16</u>	<u>FY 2016-17</u>	FY 2017-18
Projected Revenue	20,465.6	21,387.8	22,307.5	23,266.7	24,267.2
Total Tax Reform Changes	(119.0)	(455.8)	(655.1)	(634.5)	(661.8)
Repeal Estate Tax	(52.0)	(57.0)	(60.0)	(63.0)	(66.0)
Total Tax Reform	(171.0)	(512.8)	(715.1)	(697.5)	(727.8)
School Capital Building					
Fund	84.4	75.0	70.5	74.0	78.0
Net Changes	(86.6)	(437.8)	(644.6)	(623.5)	(649.8)
Revised Revenue	20,379.0	20,950.0	21,662.9	22,643.2	23,617.3

Presentation Overview		
Tax Simplification and Reduction Act		
– Estate Tax		
 Motor Fuels Tax 		
 Personal & Corporate Income Tax 		
– Sales Tax		
• FY 2013-15 Revenues		
• FY 2013-15 Expenditures		
Budget Drivers: Education and Medicaid		
Government Reorganizations & Closures		
Budget Policy Changes		
Unemployment Insurance Changes		
Resources & Questions		
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FY 2013-15 Biennium

Budgetarily, the 2013 General Assembly focused on

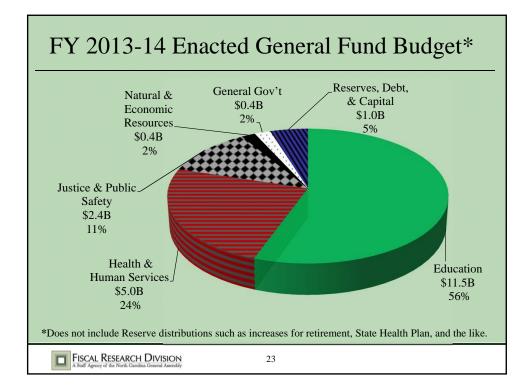
- Tax code changes
- Structural issues
 - Funding Medicaid to fix FY 2012-13 shortfall and avoid future shortfalls
 - Funding Repairs & Renovations
 - Increasing Savings Reserve Account
 - Strengthening the General Fund/eliminating earmarks

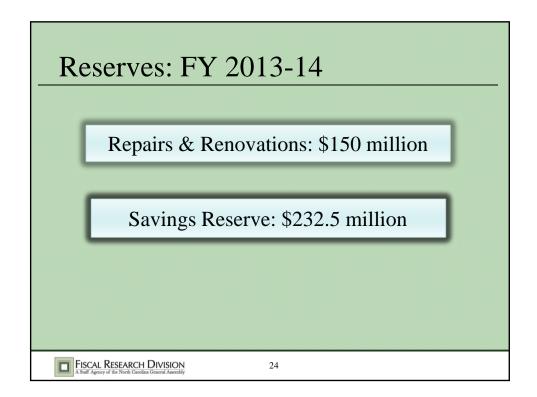
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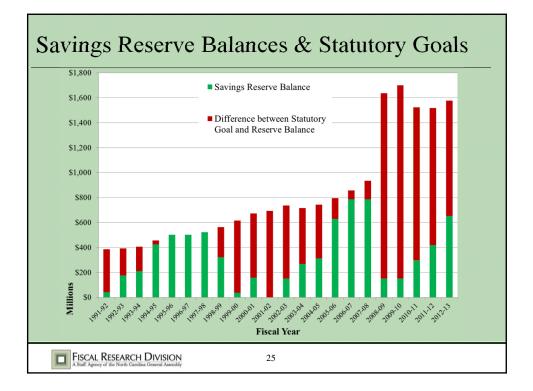
- Realigning divisions and departments

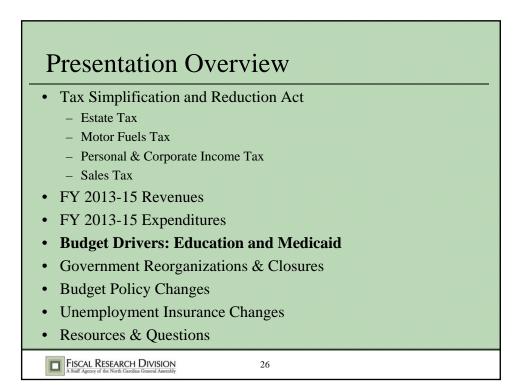
FISCAL RESEARCH DIVISION

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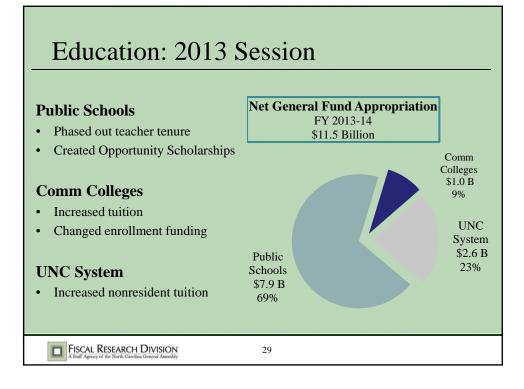
2013-15 Budget Drivers: Medicaid and Education

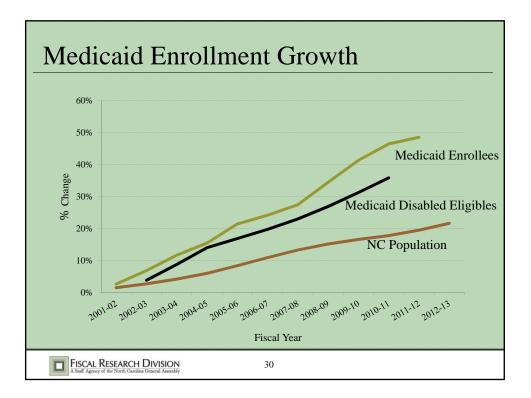
- Education and Medicaid make up over 70 percent of net General Fund appropriations.
- Enrollment growth in these programs is largely outside the control of the General Assembly.
- Education is driven by strong enrollment growth in higher education and a tradition of higher education support more generous than most other states.
- Healthcare costs are growing more rapidly than CPI.

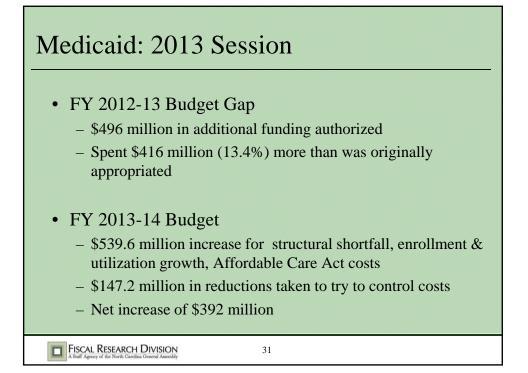
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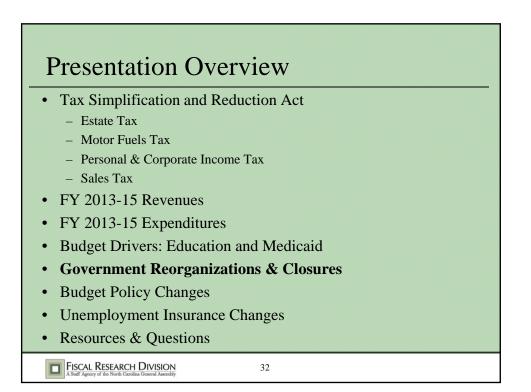
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Education Enrollment Growth 70% 60% Community College FTE 50% % Change % 0% 30% **UNC Headcount** NC Population 20% K-12 FTE 10% 0% 2001-02 2002-03 2003.04 2004.05 2005.06 2006.07 2007.08 2008.09 2009.10 2010.11 2017.13 Fiscal Year FISCAL RESEARCH DIVISION 28

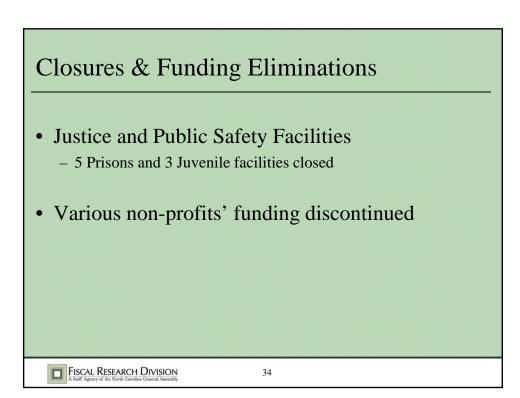








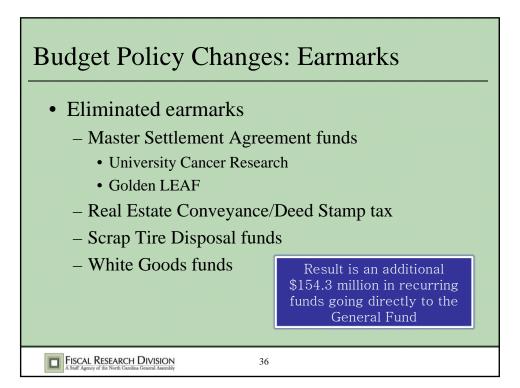




Presentation Overview

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- Resources & Questions

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Budget Policy Changes: State Budget Act

- Added & modified definitions
 - Authorized budget
 - Availability
 - Continuation budget
 - Certified budget
- Clarified departmental receipts are to be spent first
- G.S. 143C-6-4 changes
 - Overexpenditures authorized on nonrecurring basis for one year only (with two exceptions)
 - Changed 3% threshold from "department's certified budget" to "department's total requirements for a fund"

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Presentation Overview Tax Simplification and Reduction Act Estate Tax Motor Fuels Tax - Personal & Corporate Income Tax Sales Tax FY 2013-15 Revenues • FY 2013-15 Expenditures Budget Drivers: Education and Medicaid • Government Reorganizations & Closures • **Budget Policy Changes** • **Unemployment Insurance Changes Resources & Questions** • FISCAL RESEARCH DIVISION 38

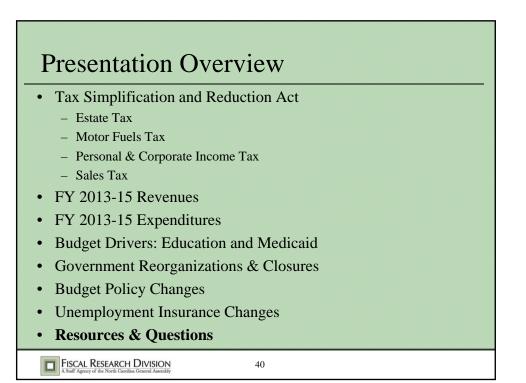
Unemployment Insurance Changes

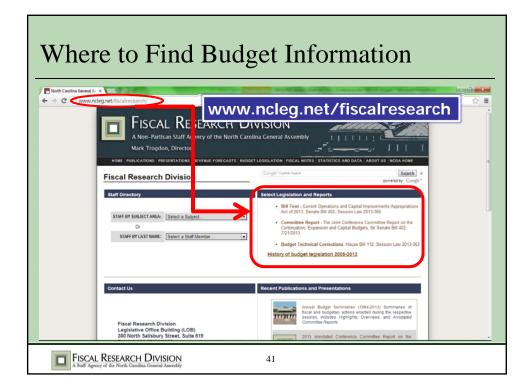
- S.L. 2013-4
- Broad overhaul of existing system
 - Benefit reductions
 - State tax increase for some employers
- State and local governments now required to maintain 1% reserve account
- Unemployment Reserve of \$23.8 million in FY 2013-14 and \$13.6 million in FY 2014-15

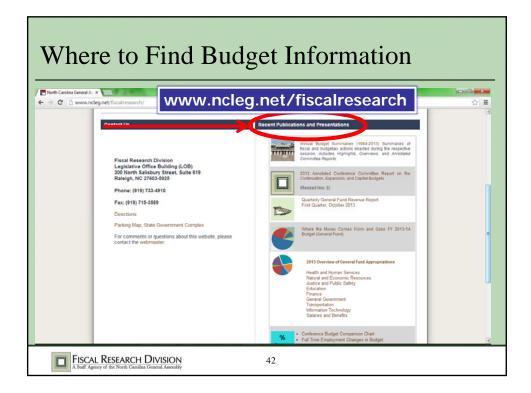
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- OSBM to administer Reserve

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Definitions

Authorized Budget: The certified budget with changes authorized by the Director of the Budget through authority granted in G.S. 143C-6-4 or other statutes.

Availability: The total anticipated cash available within a fund for appropriation purposes, including unreserved fund balance and all revenue and receipts anticipated in a fiscal year

Continuation Budget: That part of the Recommended State Budget necessary to continue the same level of services in the next biennium as is provided in the current fiscal year including (i) mandated Social Security rate adjustments; (ii) annualization of programs and positions; (iii) enrollment adjustments for public schools and Medicaid; (iv) reductions to adjust for items funded with nonrecurring funds during the prior fiscal biennium; (v) increases to adjust for nonrecurring reductions during the prior fiscal biennium; and (vi) if deemed necessary by the Director, other adjustments such as inflation, building reserves, and equipment replacement.

Certified Budget: The budget as enacted by the General Assembly including adjustments made for (i) distributions to State agencies from statewide reserves appropriated by the General Assembly, (ii) distributions of reserves appropriated to a specific agency by the General Assembly, and (iii) organizational or budget changes <u>directed_mandated_by</u> the General Assembly but left to the Director to carry out <u>Assembly</u>.

Departmental Receipts

143C-6-1. Budget enacted by the General Assembly; certified budgets of State agencies.

•••

(b) Departmental Receipts. – Departmental receipts collected to support a program or purpose shall be credited to the fund from which appropriations have been made to support that program or purpose. A State agency shall expend departmental receipts first, including receipts in excess of the amount of receipts budgeted in the certified budget for the program or purpose, and shall expend other funds appropriated for the purpose or program only to the extent that receipts are insufficient to meet the costs anticipated in the certified budget.

Except as authorized in G.S. 143C-6-4, excess departmental receipts shall not be used to increase expenditures for a purpose or program.

143C-6-4. Budget Adjustments Authorized.

(a) Findings. – The General Assembly recognizes that even the most thorough budget deliberations may be affected by unforeseeable events. <u>Underevents</u>; therefore, under the limited circumstances set forth in this section, the Director may is authorized to adjust the enacted budget by making transfers among lines of expenditure, purposes, or programs or by increasing expenditures funded by departmental receipts. Under no circumstances, however, shall total General Fund expenditures for a State department exceed the amount appropriated to that department from the General Fund for the fiscal year.

(b) Adjustments to the Certified Budget.Budget Adjustments. – Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 143C-6-1, a State agency may, with approval of the Director of the Budget, spend more than was authorized appropriated in the certified budget by adjusting the authorized budget for all of the following:

- (1) <u>Line items within programs</u>. An object or line item within a purpose or program so long as the total amount expended for the purpose or program is no more than was authorized in the certified budget for the purpose or program.
- (2) <u>Responses to extraordinary events</u>. A purpose or program if the overexpenditure of the purpose or program is:
 - a. Required by a court or Industrial Commission order;
 - b. Authorized under G.S. 166A-19.40(a) of the North Carolina Emergency Management Act; or
 - c. Required to call out the North Carolina National Guard.

(3) <u>Responses to unforeseen circumstances</u>. – A purpose or program not subject to the provisions of subdivision (b)(2) of this subsection, but only in accord with the following restrictions: (i) the subsection, if each of the following conditions is satisfied:

- a. <u>The</u> overexpenditure is required to continue the purpose or programs due to complications or changes in circumstances that could not have been foreseen when the budget for the fiscal period was enacted, (ii) the enacted.
- b. <u>The scope of the purpose or program is not increased</u>, (iii) the increased.
- c. <u>The</u> overexpenditure is authorized on a nonrecurring basis, and (iv) under no circumstances shall the total requirements for a State department exceed the department's certified budget for the fiscal year by more than three percent (3%) without prior consultation with the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations one-time nonrecurring basis for one year only, unless the overexpenditure is the result of (i) salary adjustments authorized by law or (ii) the establishment of time-limited positions funded with agency receipts.

(b1) If the overexpenditure would cause a department's total requirements for a fund to exceed the department's certified budget for a fiscal year for that fund by more than three percent (3%), the Director shall consult with the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations prior to authorizing the overexpenditure.

(b2) Subsection (b) of this section shall not be construed to authorize budget adjustments that cause General Fund expenditures, excluding expenditures from General Fund receipts, to exceed General Fund appropriations for a department.